

What there is to say about the corona virus and what there is to consider

Fundamentally:

With all highly contagious diseases the same always applies:

One should avoid airplanes, ships, mass transportation and large crowds whenever possible and best stay at home rather than expose oneself to the risk of infection.

What is the origin of the corona virus and what is it exactly?

The corona virus or also SARS-CoV-2 is a mutation of the well-known SARS virus, which for its part caused around 1,000 officially confirmed deaths during the 2002/2003 epidemic. The Chinese horseshoe-nose avian mammals (bats) are carriers of the SARS virus, which corresponds to a corona virus strain, but they themselves do not fall ill and are immune to the virus.

The current SARS-CoV-2 virus or the corona virus, as it is popularly called, was accidentally and unintentionally spread and released from two secret laboratories in Wuhan. Two of the secret lab's technicians have since died of the novel lung disease, and these two persons spread the corona virus to several other persons, causing the epidemic to spread quickly.

According to Ptaah, the corona virus or SARS-CoV-2, which has lately also been called Covid-19, is especially life-threatening for Chinese and Southeast Asians, because all Chinese tribes have a completely different immune system to, for example, the Europeans, English and Eurasians, who have conquered America, Australia and New Zealand and so forth, whereby they also mixed with the indigenous populations through the conquests, resulting in new immune system changes that were stronger or weaker than originally. Ptaah explained that the fact that the immune systems are different between peoples, however, thus making some of them more susceptible and others more resistant to diseases and epidemics, is unknown to terrestrial medical scientists.

To date (February 23, 2020), there have already been officially 2,442 confirmed deaths in China – Ptaah says, however, that the real number is much higher in all of China, which is being kept secret – and additionally 19 deaths worldwide as a result of the disease. China itself reports around 77,000 cases, while 1,500 infections are confirmed outside of China worldwide, but this is not entirely true, as Ptaah also explains in this regard. Outside of China, South Korea has been hit hardest with 600 infected so far. However, as mentioned, it can be assumed that the number of infections and deaths is very much higher and that it is also much more widespread than has been known to date, because both China and other affected countries are doing everything possible to conceal the real numbers for political and economic reasons. So it can be assumed that Covid-19 is much worse and more dangerous than the SARS epidemic of 2002/2003, contrary to what certain scientists, experts and the WHO claim so far.

The Corona virus or Covid-19 is a new type of lung disease, against which there are no medicines yet. It causes an atypical pneumonia, which can be mild or fatal, with fatalities particularly related to the Chinese people and those who result from their mixing with other peoples, while other Asian peoples are also much more at risk than Europeans. However, Ptaah also stated that the virus will become more aggressive with time and consequently will also claim many victims among other peoples apart from the Chinese.

How contagious is the corona virus (SARS-CoV-2) and how long is the incubation period?

The corona virus (SARS-CoV-2) is highly contagious: obviously this applies all the more to the Chinese, but also to other Southeast Asian peoples. It can be transmitted from person to person via the air or via clothing.

As Ptaah explains, contrary to the data by the WHO, the incubation period is not 2 weeks, but according to his information this time should be calculated up to 4 weeks or in some cases even up to 3 months. Infected persons in whom the disease has not yet developed remain potential carriers of the disease at all times, meaning they are contagious during the whole extent of the period, from the moment of infection until the moment of complete healing – if they develop it at all – and can transmit the disease to other persons. In this regard, it is the same as with the HI virus, which can also be transmitted by an infected person at any time, even if he/she has not yet developed AIDS or does not develop it at all.

When and in whom will the disease develop?

If and when the disease, Covid-2, appears in a person depends on the strength and stability of his/her immune system. On the basis of the explanations of the Plejaren, more specifically Ptaah, the immune systems differ from people to people and from race to race. The current corona Virus, i.e. SARS-CoV-2, affects the Chinese as well as all Southeast Asian countries bordering on China, for example, North and South Korea, Laos, Thailand, Vietnam, Japan, Myanmar or Burma, etc., the worst, because the immune system of these peoples reacts less stably to the virus than that of other peoples, such as the Europeans for which it is usually milder and causes flu-like or pneumonia-like illnesses that are not necessarily fatal. However, if Europeans already have immune deficiencies, then the corona virus also becomes dangerous for them and can quickly lead to death.

Fundamentally Ptaah explained that intermixings of peoples should above all be avoided because they generally negatively affect the immune system of the offspring, although in exceptional cases also a positive influence is possible, but this cannot be predicted. Any mixing of human beings from different peoples inevitably changes the immune system and weakens or strengthens it depending on circumstances. So the immune system of a member of a people with a stronger and more stable or much weaker immune system can be transmitted positively or negatively. A weakening can already occur through a longer or shorter stay in a country whose people have a weaker and more unstable immune system, which is why traveling to distant countries also includes certain dangers in this regard.

How can I protect myself against being infected with the corona virus (SARS-CoV-2)?

In this case, a reliable infection protection is only possible with a full-body protective suit with an independent breathing apparatus, such as the one, for example, also used by the medical personal during the Ebola epidemic. The normal breathing masks, as are frequently used in many countries in Southeast Asia, are absolutely useless because the virus is so small that it penetrates these masks as if they were not there at all. The respiratory protection masks used in these countries are only warranted against dust and street dirt, which of course makes sense in the overcrowded and dirty big cities. Furthermore, only sensible behaviour, as described under 'Fundamentally', offers some protection.

What can be done to prevent the virus from spreading?

The quarantine measures currently being used by return travellers from China are completely inadequate in view of the possible transmission times, above all because the segregation of 2 weeks

is far too short. In addition, the quarantine would have to be absolutely hermetic, which means that even those persons who come into contact with the suspected quarantined cases would have to be protected with full body protection and appropriate breathing apparatuses and with the necessary safety precautions such as leak-tight systems, etc., because, indeed, they not only infect themselves, but they can also spread the virus via their clothes, the air, physical contact and possibly also via the food.

It would be sensible not to bring any of a country's own citizens from China or the neighbouring countries, where the virus has already spread, back to their home countries until the virus has been completely defeated in the affected countries.

Likewise, all affected areas should be hermetically sealed and every entry into and exit out of the restricted areas, that is to say, the affected states/countries, are to be prohibited. At the very least, it should be regulated in such a way that whoever enters a restricted area – for whatever reason – may no longer be permitted to leave until the virus is no longer active and diseases and infections can no longer occur.

“Containment at the last second is probably no longer achievable even with all available means”, said Berlin-based virologist Christian Drosten on Sunday (February 23) to the German Press Agency, which is absolutely correct, since it can be assumed that the virus will spread worldwide very much more than it already has.

In order to curb the release and spread of the virus and to prevent its spread worldwide, the WHO would have had to proclaim a pandemic risk immediately after the first cases of the disease became known and would have to have taken the appropriate measures, which would have to be a sealing off of the affected areas, namely in the form that no longer anyone is allowed to enter or leave the country in which the virus appeared until it can be eradicated or becomes inactive by itself. Unfortunately, the WHO, due to its unassertive tactic of not wanting to tread on anybody's feet and not wanting to make itself unpopular, has proven to be completely irresponsible because it did not consider the right and appropriate measures at all. The Plejaren say that a pandemic already begins when a rampantly spreading disease/epidemic has killed 100 persons in one country and at least three infected persons have appeared abroad.

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